Proposed Transportation Control Measure Substitution of Three Toll Road Capital Improvement Projects (FTIP Project IDs: 10254, ORA050, & ORA051) with Three New Traffic Signal Synchronization Projects

Introduction

The Transportation Corridor Agencies (TCA) previously committed to three toll road capital improvement projects along portions of TCA facilities within Orange County: the San Joaquin Hills Transportation Corridor (FTIP Project ID: 10254); the Eastern Transportation Corridor (FTIP Project ID: ORA050); and the Foothill Transportation Corridor-North (FTIP Project ID: ORA051). These three projects are included as committed TCM's in the Southern California Association of Governments' (SCAG) 2020 RTP/SCS (Connect SoCal), 2021 FTIP, and SCAQMD's 2016 South Coast AQMP/Ozone SIPs. Below are the summary project descriptions of these three committed TCMs. Their 2021 FTIP project sheets including detailed project information are included in **Attachment A**.

- The San Joaquin Hills Transportation Corridor (SJHTC, SR-73) is a 15-mile managed toll facility between Interstate 5 (I-5) in San Juan Capistrano and the non-tolled portion of the SR-73 in Irvine. Planned improvements include one (1) additional tolled lane for mixed flow traffic in each direction, plus climbing and auxiliary lanes by 2022.
- The Foothill Transportation Corridor-North (FTC-N, SR-241) is a 12.7-mile managed toll road between Oso Parkway and the Eastern Transportation Corridor. Planned improvements include two (2) additional tolled lanes for mixed flow traffic in each direction, plus climbing and auxiliary lanes by 2022.
- The Eastern Transportation Corridor (ETC, SR- 241/261/133) is a 26.4-mile managed toll road that connects SR-91 to I-5 via SR-261 and SR-133. Planned improvements include two (2) additional tolled lanes for mixed flow traffic in each direction, plus climbing and auxiliary lanes by 2022.

Note that all the existing TCA facilities and the three TCA capital improvement TCM projects are tolled lanes, open to all vehicles, and without discounts to HOVs. In addition, all the three TCA committed TCMs would add toll capacity and are in the TCM category of HOV lanes and their pricing alternatives.

Based upon TCA's 2018 Capital Improvement Program, adopted on June 14, 2018, these committed TCMs will be delayed beyond the scheduled completion dates. Three substitute TCM projects (a combined 33 miles of new signal synchronization projects) are now proposed as a replacement TCM to the previously committed projects.

Description of Proposed Substitute Projects

Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA) is proposing substitute projects as a replacement to the three previously committed TCMs. The proposed substitute projects consist of three signal synchronization projects spanning approximately 33 miles of roadway and coordinating 136 signalized intersections. The projects involve nearly 10 agencies and have budgets of approximately \$10,600,000. The proposed substitute projects will improve traffic congestion by optimizing travel times on these high-volume corridors. The table below shows the three corridors and the respective details.

	Detail on the Replacement Projects						
Arterials	Project Intersections	Project Miles	Participating Agencies	Approximate Project Cost	Fund Sources		
1 st Street / Bolsa Avenue	55	13.1	5	\$3,900,000	Measure M2 and Local Funds		
Alton Parkway	50	12.8	2	\$3,800,000	Measure M2 and Local Funds		
Portola Pkwy/ Santa Margarita Pkwy	31	7.6	3	\$2,900,000	Measure M2 and Local Funds		
Summary	136	33.5	10	\$10,600,000	Measure M2 and Local Funds		

The proposed substitute projects will be implemented by December 2022. Current funding, as part of Measure M2 and local city matching funds, will be used for these three signal synchronization projects. Project descriptions are listed below and a map of the locations of both the committed and substitute projects is in **Attachment B**. Note that these proposed substitute TCM projects are not in the SCAG's 2021 FTIP yet but will be amended into the 2021 FTIP upon completion of the TCM substitution.

1. Portola Parkway Signal Synchronization Project (SSP)

The Portola Parkway SSP implements optimized signal timing between Paloma Parkway to Plano Trabuco Road (7.6 miles). The project includes select upgrades to key equipment including Advanced Traffic Controllers (ATC), communications, and detection.

2. 1st Street/Bolsa Avenue SSP

The 1st Street/Bolsa Avenue SSP implements optimized signal timing between Bolsa Avenue to Newport Avenue (13.1 miles). The project includes select upgrades to key equipment including ATC, communications, and detection.

3. Alton Parkway SSP

The Alton Parkway SSP implements optimized signal timing between Red Hill Street to Portola Parkway (12.8 miles). The project includes select upgrades to key equipment including ATC, communications, and detection.

Compliance with TCM Substitution Requirements

- Equivalent Emissions Reduction: OCTA has analyzed the countywide emissions of the substitute projects relative to those of previously committed TCM projects. The substitute projects will provide equivalent emission reductions. OCTA used the Orange County Transportation Analysis Model (OCTAM), Emission Factors (EMFAC2017) model, and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program Emissions Calculator Toolkit (CMAQ Toolkit) for the analysis of the previously committed and proposed substitute alternatives. The following three sections document the OCTAM Model Information, the Emissions Analysis Methodology, and the Emissions Analysis Findings.
- Similar Geographic Area: The proposed substitute projects and the previously committed TCM projects are both located in the Orange County portion of the South Coast Air Basin.
- Full Funding: Current funding is available for the proposed substitute projects as documented under the previous section Description of Proposed Substitute Projects.
- Similar Time Frame: The proposed substitute projects will be operational by December 2022, equivalent to the schedule of the previously committed TCM projects.
- Timely Implementation: The proposed substitution is the means by which the obstacles to implementation of previously committed TCM projects is being overcome.
- Legal Authority: OCTA has the legal authority and personnel to implement and operate the proposed substitute projects.

OCTAM Model Information

OCTAM is a four-step (trip generation, trip distribution, mode choice, and trip assignment), trip-based travel demand model built on the TransCAD platform. The current model version 5.0 uses 2010 Census data and the SCAG household travel survey to help calibrate the model. The assumptions used in the current model for future forecasting are based on demographic projections from Orange County Projections 2018 and the SCAG 2020 RTP/SCS.

OCTAM forecasts travel demand with a base year of 2016 and a future forecast year of 2045. It is consistent with SCAG's regional travel demand model as it incorporates the most recent approved socio-economic data for Orange County and the surrounding region at the time it was developed.

CMAQ Toolkit

The purpose of the CMAQ Toolkit is to provide users a standardized approach to estimating emission reductions from the implementation of CMAQ projects, including signal synchronization. The CMAQ Toolkit uses emission rates for highway vehicles based on a series of project-scale and national-scale runs of the Motor Vehicle Emission Simulator as well as other data sources. The CMAQ Toolkit is available at the following site: <u>https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/.</u> See **Attachment C** for the input and output summaries for the three signal synchronization CMAQ Toolkit applications.

Emissions Analysis Methodology

The emissions were calculated for the previously committed TCM projects and the proposed substitute projects. A multi-step approach was used that combined the OCTAM, EMFAC, and the CMAQ Toolkit. This methodology was developed with the guidance of California Air Resources Board (CARB) staff to better estimate the emissions reduction from signal synchronization improvements. The following process was used:

Step 1: Obtain daily vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and speed data for freeways and arterials from OCTAM for both the previously committed and proposed substitute projects for forecast year 2045. The coding of the alternatives was consistent with OCTAM modeling practice and used the 2020 RTP/SCS network. **Attachment D** includes additional modeling details and summary of modeling files. **Attachment E** includes 2045 OCTAM model output summary statistics for Orange County.

Two alternatives were modeled using OCTAM. The previously committed TCA TCM projects as described earlier were modeled in an alternative referred to as the "TCA TCM Projects" analysis. The second alternative did not include either the previously committed TCM projects or the proposed substitute TCM projects. This "With No Projects" alternative was used as a basis for the "Proposed TCM Substitute Project" analysis, which also used the CMAQ toolkit to estimate the emissions benefits of the replacement signal synchronization projects (see Step 3 below). The "With No Projects" alternative also provides a point of comparison.

The OCTAM forecasts were post-processed using the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) 255 process. This process provides a standard methodology to refine forecasted volumes on links based on a combination of base year traffic counts, base year model estimates, and forecasted model estimates using incremental adjustments. The output of the travel demand model and post-processing

includes loaded link information, intrazonal travel speeds, and intrazonal travel volumes for all time periods for the alternatives.

Note that the additional toll lanes are part of the existing toll road management and are only available to drivers willing to pay a toll. The projects were programmed and budgeted in the 2019 FTIP Consistency Amendment #19-12.

Step 2: The Emission Factors (EMFAC2017) model was developed by the California Air Resources Board and is used throughout California to calculate emission from motor vehicles, such as passenger cars and heavy-duty trucks, operating on freeways and local roads for typical summer, winter, and annual conditions. EMFAC model outputs include total emissions for all criteria pollutants for all Orange County.

A spreadsheet tool has been created to modify EMFAC input data to reflect the results of OCTAM runs. The tool was run for the base year and forecast year 2045 using the extracted information from Step 1 as input to update the VMT and vehicle speed data needed by EMFAC. Both the "TCA TCM Projects" and the "With No Projects" alternatives were modeled in EMFAC. This process was performed multiple times for the modeled alternatives in order to analyze conditions for summer, winter, and averaged annual timeframes.

Step 3: For the emission reductions from the implementation of the three signal synchronization projects, the CMAQ Toolkit methodology was applied to account for signal synchronization benefits. The CMAQ toolkit was run three times to analyze each signal synchronization project separately. The required input data was collected for each corridor and directly used in the tool, except as described below.

To estimate future-year volumes for the input, observed Average Annual Daily Traffic and peak-hour volumes were factored up using growth factors derived from OCTAM. For each corridor, base year and future year model volumes were obtained for a typical segment to estimate the growth. The truck percentages were estimated from similar arterial corridors in Orange County, as truck data for the specific three corridors was not available.

The CMAQ toolkit estimated emission reductions for each of the three signal synchronization projects. These numbers were summed together, and the totals were subtracted from the EMFAC emissions results of the "With No Projects" analysis to find the emissions of the "Proposed TCM Substitute Projects."

Step 4: Compare the emissions output from Steps 2 and 3 between the alternatives to identify the emissions-related improvements from the proposed substitute TCM projects.

Note that interpolation of travel activity data between base year 2016 and forecast year 2045 (horizon year) results were used to estimate the emissions for interim year 2022 (completion year) and 2037 (2015 8-hour ozone standard attainment year).

Emissions Analysis Findings

The projected emissions from the previously committed TCM projects were compared with those of the proposed substitute projects using the methodology described in the previous section. The results demonstrate that the proposed substitute TCM will yield less than or equivalent amounts of emissions compared with the previously committed TCM for all criteria pollutants for all milestone years. Emissions of all applicable criteria pollutants (Ozone – ROG & NOx, CO, PM2.5, and PM10) for the three forecast years (2022, 2037, and 2045) are summarized in the tables below.

Year 2022

Emission Reductions (Summer) - Ozone (Kilograms/Day)

	ТСА ТСМ	Proposed TCM Substitute
	Projects	Projects
ROG	- 0.4	- 0.8
NOx	- 0.1	- 4.5

Emission Reduction (Winter) - Carbon Monoxide, Nitrogen Dioxide (Kilograms/Day)

	TCA TCM Projects	Proposed TCM Substitute Projects
NOx	- 0.1	- 4.5
CO	- 9.7	- 44.8

Emission Reductions (Annual) - PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} (Kilograms/Day)

	TCA TCM Projects	Proposed TCM Substitute Projects
ROG	-	- 0.4
NOx	- 0.1	-5.4
PM10	-	- 5.1
PM2.5	-	- 0.9

Year 2037

Emission Reductions (Summer) - Ozone (Kilograms/Day)

	ТСА ТСМ	Proposed TCM Substitute
	Projects	Projects
ROG	- 1.5	- 2.8
NOx	- 0.3	- 15.8

Emission Reductions (Winter) - Carbon Monoxide, Nitrogen Dioxide (Kilograms/Day)

	TCA TCM Projects	Proposed TCM Substitute Projects
NOx	- 0.4	- 15.8
CO	- 33.7	- 156.8

Emission Reductions (Annual) - PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} (Kilograms/Day)

	TCA TCM Projects	Proposed TCM Substitute Projects
ROG	- 1.5	- 2.9
NOx	- 0.4	- 15.8
PM10	_	- 17.7
PM2.5	-	- 3.2

Year 2045

Emission Reductions (Summer) - Ozone (Kilograms/Day)

	TCA TCM Projects	Proposed TCM Substitute Projects
ROG	- 2.0	- 4.0
NOx	- 0.4	- 21.8

Emission Reductions (Winter) - Carbon Monoxide, Nitrogen Dioxide (Kilograms/Day)

	TCA TCM Projects	Proposed TCM Substitute Projects
NOx	- 0.4	- 21.8
CO	- 46.7	- 216.5

Emission Reductions (Annual) - PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} (Kilograms/Day)

		Proposed TCM
	TCA TCM	Substitute
	Projects	Projects
ROG	- 2.0	- 4.0
NOx	- 0.4	- 21.8
PM10	-	- 24.5
PM2.5	- 0.1	- 4.4

Attachments

- A. 2021 FTIP Project Sheets of the Three Previously Committed TCM Projects (10254, ORA050, & ORA051)
- B. Map of the Three Previously Committed TCM Projects (10254, ORA050, & ORA051) and the Proposed Substitution Projects
- C. CMAQ Toolkit Input/Output Files
- D. Additional Modeling Details and Summary of OCTAM Files
- E. 2045 OCTAM Model Output Summary Statistics for Orange County

ATTACHMENT A

2021 FTIP PROJECT SHEETS

OCTA 2021 Federal Transportation Improvement Program (\$000)

TIP ID 10254			Implementing Agency	ansportatior	n Corridor A	gency (TCA)
SCAG RTP Project # 10254 PPNO: EA Number: IFAS # Statum Rode Postmile	Project Title (SJHTC) (1-5 IN SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO TO RTE 73 IN IRVINE) (15 MI) Project Devergine SAN JOAQUIN HILLS TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR (SJHTC - SR 73), 15 MI TOLL RD BETWEEN 1-5 IN SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO & RTE 73 IN IRVINE, CONSISTENT WITH SCAGTCA MOU 4/5/01. EXISTING 3 WF EA DIR. 1 ADDITIONAL MF EA DIR. PLUS CLIMBING & AUX LANES BY 2022.					
State Hwy 73 9.6 to 25.45	Fiscal Year	Revenue Source	Engineering	Right of Way	Construction	Total Revenue
	06/07	PVT - Private	\$540			\$540
Program Code CAN69 - NEW HOV LANE(S)	07/08	PVT - Private	\$960		\$3.440	\$4,400
	08/09	PVT - Private	\$540		\$5,460	\$6,000
Environmental Document FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT -	09/10	PVT - Private	\$90		\$5.308	\$5.398
06/01/2013	10/11	PVT - Private	\$60			\$60
	11/12	PVT - Private				\$0
Conformity Category TCM Committed	12/13	PVT - Private			\$7.790	\$7.790
TOM Committee	13/14	PVT - Private				\$0
Total Estimate	14/15	PVT - Private	\$900			\$900
\$351,188	15/16	PVT - Private				\$0
Air Basin	16/17	PVT - Private				\$0
SCAB	17/18	PVT - Private	\$1,200		\$38,700	\$39,900
Project Completion Date	18/19	PVT - Private			\$143.100	\$143,100
12/31/2022	19/20	PVT - Private			\$143,100	\$143.100
Current Implementation Status ROW Acquisition - 02/29/2008			\$4,290	\$0	\$346,898	\$351,188
Project Manager David Lowe - (949) 754-3488						
Last Modified By Heidi Busslinger on 03/05/2020 Administrative Comments: HBUSSLINGER CTC Only 03/05/2020						
Last Revised Adoption 21-00 - APPROVED					Total Programmed	\$351,188

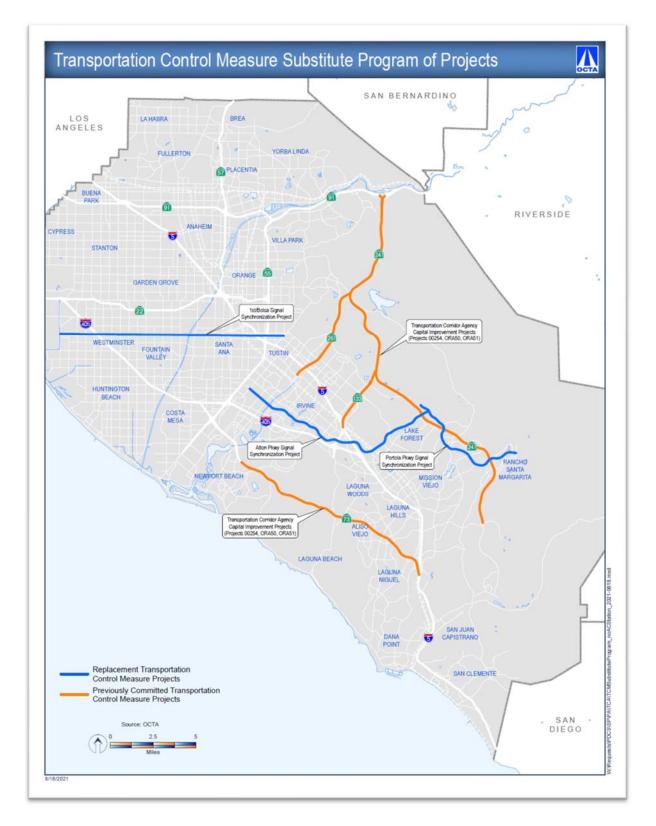
OCTA 2021 Federal Transportation Improvement Program (\$000)

TPID ORA050			Implementing Agency Tr	ansportation	Corridor A	gency (TCA)
SCAG RTP Popert # ORA050 PPNO: EA Number: IFAS # System Route Postmis	Project Tries (ETC) (RTE 241/261/133) (FROM RTE 91 TO SR 241/FTC-N AND I-5) (26.4 MI) Project Devergetion EASTERN TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR (ETC- SR 241/261/133) 26.4 MI TOLL ROAD CONNECTS SR 91 to 1-5 via SR 261 and SR 133, CONSISTENT WITH SCAGTCA MOU 4/05/01. EXISTING 2 M/F EA DIR. 2 ADDITIONAL M/F IN EA DIR. PLUS CLIMBING AND AUX LANES BY 2022.					
State Hwy 241 38.8 to 12.4	Fiscal Year	Revenue Source	Engineering	Right of Way	Construction	Total Revenue
	00/01	PVT - Private	54			\$4
Program Code CAN69 - NEW HOV LANE(S)	01/02	PVT - Private	\$1			\$1
	04/05	PVT - Private	\$16			\$16
Environmental Document FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT -	05/06	PVT - Private	\$7	-		\$7
09/23/1994	06/07	PVT - Private	\$574			\$574
	07/08	PVT - Private	\$1,700		\$3,300	\$5,000
Conformity Category TCM Committed	08/09	PVT - Private	\$1,500		\$4,100	\$5.600
row commuted	09/10	PVT - Private	\$652		\$3.356	\$4.00
Total Estimate	10/11	PVT - Private	\$1.000			\$1,000
\$631,902	11/12	PVT - Private	\$16			\$10
Air Basin	12/13	PVT - Private	\$1,510		\$28,500	\$30,010
SCAB	13/14	PVT - Private	\$5.500		\$22,833	\$28,33
Project Completion Date	14/15	PVT - Private	\$5.500		\$60,833	\$66,33
12/31/2022	15/16	PVT - Private			\$38.000	\$38.000
Current Implementation Status	16/17	PVT - Private			\$15.000	\$15.000
Engineering/Plans, Specifications and Estimates	17/18	PVT - Private			\$146,000	\$146,000
(PŠ&E) - 03/11/2008	18/19	PVT - Private			\$146,000	\$146,000
Project Manager	19/20	PVT - Private			\$146,000	\$146,000
David Lowe - (949) 754-3488			\$17,980	\$0	\$613,922	\$631,90
Last Modified By Heidi Busslinaer on 03/05/2020 Administrative Comments: HBUSSLINGER CTC Only 03/05/2020						
Last Revised Adoption 21-00 - APPROVED					Total Programmed	\$631,90

OCTA 2021 Federal Transportation Improvement Program (\$000)

TIPID ORA051		Implementing Agency Tra	ansportation Co	rridor Aq	gency (TCA)	
SCAG RTP Project # ORA051 PPN0: EA Number: #A S #: Statem R048 Reacting	Project Trise (FTC-N) (OSO PKWY TO ETC) (12.7MI) Project Description FOOTHILL TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR-NORTH (FTC-N - SR 241). 12.7 MI TOLL ROAD BETWEEN OSO PKWY AND ETC, CONSISTENT WITH SCAG/TCA MOU 4/05/01. EXISTING 2 M/F IN EA DIR. 2 ADDITIONAL MIF, PLE CLIMBING & AUX LANES BY 2022.					
State Hwy 241 13.8 to 26.5	Fiscal Year Revenue S	ource Engineering	Right of Way Co	instruction	Total Revenue	
trogram Code	06/07 PVT - Private	\$700			\$700	
AN69 - NEW HOV LANE(S)	07/08 PVT - Private	\$1,850		\$100	\$1.950	
	08/09 PVT - Private	\$1.570		\$6.000	\$7.570	
Environmental Document FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT -	09/10 PVT - Private	\$313			\$313	
3/30/1990	10/11 PVT - Private			\$34,492	\$34,492	
	11/12 PVT - Private	\$20			\$20	
Conformity Category TCM Committed	12/13 PVT - Private			\$36.166	\$36,166	
Civi Committed	13/14 PVT - Private			\$36,166	\$36,166	
otal Estimate	15/16 PVT - Private				SO	
269,045	16/17 PVT - Private				\$0	
r Basin	17/18 PVT - Private			\$50,556	\$50,556	
CAB	18/19 PVT - Private			\$50,556	\$50,556	
roject Completion Date	19/20 PVT - Private			\$50.556	\$50.556	
2/31/2022		\$4,453	\$0	\$264,592	\$269,045	
ument Implementation Status Engineering/Plans, Specifications and Estimates PS&E) - 11/17/2011 riget: Manager David Lowe - (949) 754-3488						
Last Modified By Heidi Busslinger on 03/05/2020 Administrative Comments: HBUSSLINGER CTC Only 03/05/2020						
			Anun k	ullearni (a	kulkarni@octa	
ist Revised Adoption 21-00 - APPROVED			Total F	Programmed	\$269,045	

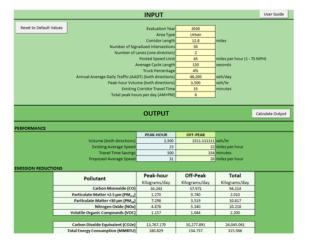
ATTACHMENT B



ATTACHMENT C

CMAQ Toolkit Input/Output Files

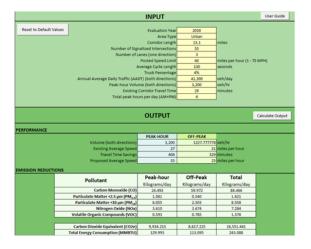
Alton Parkway



Portola Parkway

		INPUT			User Guide	
rset to Default Values		Evaluation Year	2030	1		
eset to behavit values		Area Type	Urban			
		Corridor Length	7.6	miles		
	Vumber of Signalized Intersections Number of Lanes (one direction)		31	TOTAL		
			1	1		
	Posted Speed Limit Average Cycle Length			miles per hour (1 - 75 MPH) seconds		
Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) (both directions)			130			
			43,900	veh/day		
Peak-hour Volume (both directions)			4,000	veh/hr		
Existing Corridor Travel Time			21	minutes		
Total peak hours per day (AM+PM		rs per day (AM+PM)	6			
ORMANCE	_			~		
ORMANCE						
DRMANCE		PEAK-HOUR	OFF-PEAK			
DRMANCE	Volume (both directions)	4,000	1105.555556			
DRMANCE	Existing Average Speed	4,000	1105.555556	miles per hour		
DRMANCE	Existing Average Speed Travel Time Savings	4,000 22 254	1105.555556 25 183	miles per hour minutes		
DRMANCE	Existing Average Speed	4,000	1105.555556 25 183	miles per hour		
	Existing Average Speed Travel Time Savings	4,000 22 254 27	1105.555556 25 183	miles per hour minutes		
	Existing Average Speed Travel Time Savings Proposed Average Speed	4,000 22 254	1105.555556 25 183	miles per hour minutes		
	Existing Average Speed Travel Time Savings	4,000 22 254 27	1105-55555 25 181 25	miles per hour minutes miles per hour		
	Existing Average Speed Travel Time Savings Proposed Average Speed	4,000 22 254 27 Peak-hour	1105-555556 25 181 25 Off-Peak	miles per hour minutes miles per hour Total		
	Existing Average Speer Travel Time Savings Proposed Average Speed Pollutant	4,000 22 254 27 Peak-hour Kilograms/day	1105.555556 25 183 25 0ff-Peak Kilograms/day	miles per hour miles per hour Total Kilograms/day		
	Existing Average Speer Travel Time Savings Proposed Average Speed Pollutant Carbon Monoside (CO) Particulate Matter (20 spin (PML) Particulate Matter (20 spin (PML)	4,000 22 254 27 Peak-hour Kilograms/day 31.371 0.454 2.425	1105.355556 25 183 29 Off-Peak Kilograms/day 4.830	miles per hour moutes miles per hour Total Kilograms/day 96,302 0,788 4,514		
	Esting Average Speet Travel Time Saving Proposed Average Speet Pollutant Carbon Monoside (CO) Particulate Matter (2,5 yan (PMs,) Particulate Matter (2,5 yan (PMs,) Nitrogen Oxide (NO)	4,000 22 254 27 Peak-hour Kilograms/day 31.371 0.454	1105.355556 25 181 25 Off-Peak Kilograms/day 4.830 0.334	mites per hour moutes miles per hour Total Kilograms/day 36.202 0.783		
	Existing Average Speer Travel Time Savings Proposed Average Speed Pollutant Carbon Monoside (CO) Particulate Matter (20 spin (PML) Particulate Matter (20 spin (PML)	4,000 22 254 27 Peak-hour Kilograms/day 31.371 0.454 2.425	1105.35556 25 181 25 Off-Peak Kilograms/day 4.830 0.314 2.085	miles per hour moutes miles per hour Total Kilograms/day 96,302 0,788 4,514		
	Easting Average Speet Tratel Time Samp Proposed Average Speet Pollutant Carbon Monoide (CO) Particulate Matter <2.5 ym (PM,) Particulate Matter <2.5 ym (PM,) Nitroduite Matter <2.5 ym (PM,) Nitroduite Compounds (VOC)	4,000 22 254 27 Peak-hour Kilograms/day 81.371 0.454 2.425 2.224 0.302	1105.55556 25 188 29 Off-Peak Kilograms/day 4.830 0.314 2.085 0.524 0.227	miles per hour milles per hour miles per hour Kilograms/day 36.202 0.789 4.514 3.068 0.730		
	Esting Average Speet Travel Time Saving Proposed Average Speet Pollutant Carbon Monoside (CO) Particulate Matter (2,5 yan (PMs,) Particulate Matter (2,5 yan (PMs,) Nitrogen Oxide (NO)	4,000 22 254 77 Peak-hour Kilograms/day 31.371 0.454 2.425 2.224	1105.355556 25 1831 25 Off-Peak Kilograms/day 4.830 0.334 2.085 0.824	miles per hour minutes miles per hour Total Kilograms/day 36.202 0.789 4.514 3.048		

1st Street Bolsa



ATTACHMENT D

Additional Modeling Details and Summary of OCTAM Files

OCTAM was used to develop future 2045 forecasts of VMT by speed bin. The following provides details on the modeled alternative:

- TCA TCM Previously committed project alternative 2045
 - With the three committed TCA TCM projects (10254, ORA050, & ORA051) coded into the transportation network
- No Build Removal of previously committed project alternative 2045
 - With the three TCA TCM projects removed

The highway network for each scenario includes the input scenario assumptions. The four fixed-format binary files in the asn-LVOL subdirectories contain the post-processed forecast outputs.

Key data fields in the TransCAD Geographic File (TCMBase.DBD and TCMTCARepNB.DBD):

- AB_LN/BA_LN: Number of lanes in the AB/BA directions
- AB_LVOL/BA_LVOL: Post-processed forecast volumes in the AB/BA directions

The modeling output files are attached to this correspondence. Each scenario is packaged in a separate zip file:

- TCMTCA.zip TCA TCM
- TCMNoBuild.zip No Build

The forecast outputs were post-processed per the NCHRP-255 approach. EMFAC2017 was then used to forecast emissions using VMT by speed bin from the two OCTAM runs.

ATTACHMENT E

	Committed		
	Projects	No Build	
Total Population	3,534,620	3,534,620	
Household Population	3,488,505	3,488,505	
Total Dwelling Units	1,154,416	1,154,416	
Employment	1,980,433	1,980,433	
Total Vehicle Hours of Delay	465,247	474,375	
Daily Vehicle Hours Traveled	2,511,972	2,522,018	
Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled	83,745,416	83,743,858	
Daily Peak Vehicle Hours Traveled	1,620,755	1,630,908	
Daily Peak Vehicle Miles Traveled	47,069,400	47,070,444	
Total Person Hours of Delay	634,437	646,885	
Daily Person Hours Traveled	3,425,470	3,439,169	
Daily Person Miles Traveled	114,200,070	114,197,945	
Daily Peak Person Hours Traveled	2,180,856	2,194,518	
Daily Peak Person Miles Traveled	63,335,670	63,337,075	
Avg. Spd Arterials Peak	25.0	25.0	
Avg. Spd Arterial AM Pk Period	24.2	24.2	
Avg. Spd Arterial PM Pk Period	25.7	25.6	
Avg. Spd All Facilities Peak	31.6	31.3	
Avg. Spd All Facilities - AM Pk			
Period	30.6	30.3	
Avg. Spd All Facilities PM Pk Period	32.3	32.1	

2045 OCTAM Model Output Summary Statistics for Orange County Previously Committed versus No Build

^ The CMAQ Toolkit used the No Build OCTAM Model